Year 8 Progression Map

Year 8				
LEVEL	Programming	Data Representation	Hardware & Software	Creative Project
Topic	Algorithms	Data & Data	Hardware &	Information
Coverage	Programming &	Representation	Processing	Technology
	Development		Communication &	
			Networks	
L M H	Designs solutions (algorithms) that use repetition and two-way selection i.e. if, then and else. (AL) • Uses diagrams to express solutions. (AB) • Uses logical reasoning to predict outputs, showing an awareness of inputs. (AL)	Understands the difference between data and information. AB) • Knows why sorting data in a flat file can improve searching for information. (EV) • Uses filters or can perform single criteria searches for information. (AL)	Knows that computers collect data from various input devices, including sensors and application software. (AB) • Understands the difference between hardware and application software, and their roles within a computer system. (AB)	Collects, organises and presents data and information in digital content. (AB) • Creates digital content to achieve a given goal through combining software packages and internet services to communicate
L M H	Creates programs that implement algorithms to achieve given goals. (AL) Declares and assigns variables. (AB) Uses post-tested loop e.g. 'until', and a sequence of selection statements in programs, including an if, then and else statement. (AL)		Understands the difference between the internet and internet service e.g. world wide web. (AB) Shows an awareness of, and can use a range of internet services e.g. VOIP. Recognises what is acceptable and unacceptable behaviour when using technologies and online services.	with a wider audience e.g. blogging. (AL) • Makes appropriate improvements to solutions based on feedback received, and can comment on the success of the solution. (EV)
L M	Shows an awareness of tasks best completed by humans or computers. (EV) Designs solutions by decomposing a problem and creates a sub-solution for each of these parts. (DE) (AL) (AB) Recognises that different solutions exist for the same problem. (AL) (AB)	Performs more complex searches for information e.g. using Boolean and relational operators. (AL) (GE) (EV) • Analyses and evaluates data and information, and recognises that poor quality data leads to unreliable results, and inaccurate conclusions. (AL) (EV)	Understands why and when computers are used. (EV) • Understands the main functions of the operating system. (DE) (AB) • Knows the difference between physical, wireless and mobile networks. (AB)	Makes judgements about digital content when evaluating and repurposing it for a given audience. (EV) (GE) Recognises the audience when designing and creating digital content. (EV)
L M	Understands the difference between, and appropriately uses if and if, then and else statements. (AL) Uses a variable and relational operators within a loop to govern termination. (AL) (GE) Designs, writes and debugs modular programs using procedures. (AL) (DE) (AB) (GE) Knows that a procedure can be used to hide the detail with sub-solution. (AL) (DE) (AB) (GE)	inaccurate condusions. (AL) (LV)	Understands how to effectively use search engines, and knows how search results are selected, including that search engines use 'web crawler programs'. (AB) (GE) (EV) Selects, combines and uses internet services. (EV) Demonstrates responsible use of technologies and online services, and nows a range of ways to report concerns.	Understands the potential of information technology for collaboration when computers are networked. (GE) Uses criteria to evaluate the quality of solutions, can identify improvements making some refinements to the solution, and future solutions. (EV)

Year 8 Progression Map

				I = 1
	Understands that iteration is the repetition of a	 Knows that digital computers use binary to 	 Recognises and understands the function 	Evaluates the appropriateness of
_	process such as a loop. (AL)	represent all data. (AB)	of the main internal parts of basic computer	digital devices, internet services and
	 Recognises that different algorithms exist for 	 Understands how bit patterns represent 	architecture. (AB)	application software to achieve given
	the same problem. (AL) (GE)	numbers and images. (AB)	 Understands the concepts behind the 	goals. (EV)
M	 Represents solutions using a structured 	Knows that computers transfer data in	fetch-execute cycle. (AB) (AL)	 Recognises ethical issues
IVI	notation. (AL) (AB)	binary. (AB)	Knows that there is a range of operating	surrounding the application of
	Can identify similarities and differences in	Understands the relationship between	systems and application software for the	information technology beyond
	situations and can use these to solve problems	binary and file size (uncompressed). (AB)	same hardware. (AB)	school.
H	(pattern recognition). (GE)	Defines data types: real numbers and	(=)	Designs criteria to critically
	(pattern 1999, man) (()	Boolean. (AB)		evaluate the quality of solutions,
		Queries data on one table using a typical		uses the criteria to identify
		query language. (AB)		improvements and can make
		quoty language. (112)		appropriate refinements to the
_	Understands that programming bridges the gap		Understands how search engines rank	solution. (EV)
I L	between algorithmic solutions and computers.		search results. (AL)	Solution: (EV)
	(AB)		Understands how to construct static web	
	Has practical experience of a high-level textual		pages using HTML and CSS. (AL) (AB)	
			Understands data transmission between	
M	language, including using standard libraries when			
	programming. (AB) (AL)		digital computers over networks, including	
	Uses a range of operators and expressions e.g.		the internet i.e. IP addresses and packet	
1	Boolean, and applies them in the context of		switching. (AL) (AB)	
H	program control. (AL)			
	 Selects the appropriate data types. (AL) (AB) 			